

How would you prepare 400 mL of a 0.85 M NaCl (sodium chloride) solution?

How would you prepare 250 mL of a 0.75 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution?

Prepare 375 mL of a 0.34 M NaCl (sodium chloride) solution.

Prepare 180 mL of a 1.2 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution.

Prepare a 0.23 M NaCl solution, given 4.5 g of NaCl (sodium chloride).

Prepare a 0.65 M glucose solution using 5.85 g of $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose).

How would you prepare a 0.5 M NaCl solution using 2.5 kg of NaCl (sodium chloride)?

You have 0.15 kg of glucose. How would you prepare a 0.25 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution?

What is the molarity of a solution prepared by dissolving 12.5 g of CaCl_2 (calcium chloride) in 500 mL of solution?

How would you prepare 400 mL of a 0.85 M NaCl (sodium chloride) solution?

$$\text{NaCl} = (\text{Na}) + (\text{Cl}) = (22.9898) + (35.453) = 58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$0.85 \text{ M} = 0.85 \frac{\cancel{\text{mole}}}{\text{L}} \left(58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{mole}}} \right) = 49.68 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$49.68 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{400 \text{ mL}}$$

$$\frac{49.68 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{400 \text{ mL}}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = \frac{(49.68 \text{ g})(400 \cancel{\text{ mL}})}{\cancel{1 \text{ L}}} \left(\frac{\cancel{1 \text{ L}}}{1000 \cancel{\text{ mL}}} \right)$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 19.87 \text{ g}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 20 \text{ g}$$

How would you prepare 250 mL of a 0.75 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution?

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 = 6(C) + 12(H) + 6(O) = 6(12.0107) + 12(1.008) + 6(15.999) \\ = 180.154 \text{ g/mole}$$

$$0.75 \text{ M} = 0.75 \frac{\cancel{\text{mole}}}{\text{L}} \left(180.154 \frac{\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{mole}}} \right) = 135.12 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$135.12 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{250 \text{ mL}}$$

$$\frac{135.12 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{250 \text{ mL}}$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = \frac{(135.12 \text{ g})(\cancel{250 \text{ mL}})}{\cancel{1 \text{ L}}} \left(\frac{\cancel{1 \text{ L}}}{\cancel{1000 \text{ mL}}} \right)$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = 33.78 \text{ g}$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = 34 \text{ g}$$

Prepare 375 mL of a 0.34 M NaCl (sodium chloride) solution.

$$\text{NaCl} = (\text{Na}) + (\text{Cl}) = (22.9898) + (35.453) = 58.443 \text{ g/mole}$$

$$0.34 \text{ M} = 0.34 \frac{\cancel{\text{mole}}}{\text{L}} (58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{mole}}}) = 19.87 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$19.87 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{375 \text{ mL}}$$

$$\frac{19.87 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{m_{\text{NaCl}}}{375 \text{ mL}}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = \frac{(19.87 \text{ g})(375 \cancel{\text{ mL}})}{1 \cancel{\text{ L}}} \left(\frac{1 \cancel{\text{ L}}}{1000 \cancel{\text{ mL}}} \right)$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 7.451 \text{ g}$$

$$m_{\text{NaCl}} = 7.5 \text{ g}$$

Prepare 180 mL of a 1.2 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution.

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 = 6(C) + 12(H) + 6(O) = 6(12.0107) + 12(1.008) + 6(15.999) \\ = 180.154 \frac{g}{mole}$$

$$1.2 M = 1.2 \frac{\cancel{mole}}{L} \left(180.154 \frac{g}{\cancel{mole}} \right) = 216.185 \frac{g}{L}$$

$$C = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{V_{total}}$$

$$216.185 \frac{g}{L} = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{180 mL}$$

$$\frac{216.185 g}{1L} = \frac{M_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{180 mL}$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = \frac{(216.185 g)(180 \cancel{mL})}{1L} \left(\frac{1L}{1000 \cancel{mL}} \right)$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = 38.9133 g$$

$$M_{C_6H_{12}O_6} = 39 g$$

Prepare a 0.23 M NaCl solution, given 4.5 g of NaCl (sodium chloride).

$$\text{NaCl} = (\text{Na}) + (\text{Cl}) = (22.9898) + (35.453) = 58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$0.23 \text{ M} = 0.23 \frac{\text{moles}}{\text{L}} \left(58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mole}} \right) = 13.44 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{W_{\text{NaCl}}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$13.44 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{4.5 \text{ g}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$\frac{13.44 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{4.5 \text{ g}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = \frac{(\cancel{1\text{L}})(4.5\text{g})}{13.44\cancel{\text{g}}} \left(\frac{1000\text{mL}}{\cancel{1\text{L}}} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 334.82 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 330 \text{ mL}$$

Prepare a 0.65 M glucose solution using 5.85 g of $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose).

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 = 6(C) + 12(H) + 6(O) = 6(12.0107) + 12(1.008) + 6(15.999) \\ = 180.154 \text{ g/mole}$$

$$0.65 \text{ M} = 0.65 \frac{\cancel{\text{mole}}}{\text{L}} \left(180.154 \frac{\text{g}}{\cancel{\text{mole}}} \right) = 117.10 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{m_{C_6H_{12}O_6}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$117.10 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{5.85 \text{ g}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$\frac{117.10 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{5.85 \text{ g}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = \frac{(\cancel{1\text{L}})(\cancel{5.85\text{g}})}{117.10 \cancel{\text{g}}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{\cancel{1\text{L}}} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 49.957 \text{ mL}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 5.0 \times 10^1 \text{ mL}$$

How would you prepare a 0.5 M NaCl solution using 2.5 kg of NaCl (sodium chloride)?

$$\text{NaCl} = (\text{Na}) + (\text{Cl}) = (22.9898) + (35.453) = 58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mole}}$$

$$0.5 \text{ M} = 0.5 \frac{\text{mole}}{\text{L}} \left(58.443 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mole}} \right) = 29.22 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}}$$

$$C = \frac{M_{\text{NaCl}}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$29.22 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} = \frac{2.5 \text{ kg}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$\frac{29.22 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ L}} = \frac{2.5 \text{ kg}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = \frac{(1 \text{ L})(2.5 \text{ kg})}{29.22 \text{ g}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ g}}{1 \text{ kg}} \right)$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 85.56 \text{ L}$$

$$V_{\text{total}} = 90 \text{ L}$$

You have 0.15 kg of glucose. How would you prepare a 0.25 M $C_6H_{12}O_6$ (glucose) solution?

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 = 6(C) + 12(H) + 6(O) = 6(12.0107) + 12(1.008) + 6(15.999) \\ = 180.154 \frac{g}{mole}$$

$$0.25 M = 0.25 \frac{\cancel{mole}}{L} \left(180.154 \frac{g}{\cancel{mole}} \right) = 45.039 \frac{g}{L}$$

$$C = \frac{W_{glucose}}{V_{total}}$$

$$45.039 \frac{g}{L} = \frac{0.15 kg}{V_{total}}$$

$$\frac{45.039 g}{1L} = \frac{0.15 kg}{V_{total}}$$

$$V_{total} = \frac{(1L)(0.15 \cancel{kg})}{45.039 \cancel{g}} \left(\frac{1000 \cancel{g}}{1 \cancel{kg}} \right)$$

$$V_{total} = 3.33 L$$

$$V_{total} = 3.3 L$$

What is the molarity of a solution prepared by dissolving 12.5 g of CaCl_2 (calcium chloride) in 500 mL of solution?

$$\begin{aligned}\text{CaCl}_2 &= (\text{Ca}) + 2(\text{Cl}) = (40.078) + 2(35.453) \\ &= 110.984 \text{ g/mole}\end{aligned}$$

$$C = \frac{M_{\text{CaCl}_2}}{V_{\text{total}}}$$

$$= \frac{12.5 \text{ g}}{500 \text{ mL}} \left(\frac{1000 \text{ mL}}{1 \text{ L}} \right)$$

$$= 25 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{L}} \left(\frac{1}{110.984 \text{ g/mole}} \right)$$

$$= 25 \frac{\cancel{\text{g}}}{\text{L}} \left(\frac{1}{110.984} \frac{\text{mole}}{\cancel{\text{g}}} \right)$$

$$= 0.225 \frac{\text{mole}}{\text{L}} = 0.225 \text{ M}$$

$$C = 0.2 \text{ M}$$